



IT IS SAID THAT / HE IS SAID TO

Ana Cümle + İsim Cümlesi şeklinde oluşturulan cümleler iki farklı şekilde edilgen yapılabilir. Bu yapıda sık kullanılan fiiller aşağıdaki gibidir:

acknowledge	claim	estimate	report	suspect
allege	consider	expect	say	think
believe	declare	know	suppose	understand

Konuyla İlgili Örnek Cümleler

- 1. People know that milk is good for health.**
 - a. It is known that milk is good for health.
 - b. Milk is known to be good for health.
- 2. They believe that George is the best student in our school.**
 - a. It is believed that George is the best student in our school.
 - b. George is believed to be the best student in our school.
- 3. People think that Susan hates travelling by plane.**
 - a. It is thought that Susan hates travelling by plane.
 - b. Susan is thought to hate travelling by plane.
- 4. People expect the taxes will decrease soon.**
 - a. It is expected that the taxes will decrease soon.
 - b. The taxes are expected to decrease soon.
- 5. They report that he was a criminal.**
 - a. It is reported that he was a criminal.
 - b. He is reported to have been a criminal.
- 6. They claim that he stole the car yesterday.**
 - a. It is claimed that he stole the car yesterday.
 - b. He is claimed to have stolen the car yesterday.
- 7. They know that he has applied for the job twice.**
 - a. It is known that he has applied for the job twice.
 - b. He is known to have applied for the job twice.



8. **We think that she is sleeping at home now.**
a. It is thought that she is sleeping at home now.
b. She is thought to be sleeping at home now.
9. **We know that he was working as a teacher in the past.**
a. It is known that he was working as a teacher in the past.
b. He is known to have been working as a teacher in the past.
10. **They claim that she will steal the diamond soon.**
a. It is claimed that she will steal the diamond soon.
b. She is claimed to steal the diamond soon.
11. **Doctors think that patients are given too much antibiotics.**
a. It is thought that patients are given too much antibiotics.
b. Patients are thought to be given too much antibiotics.
12. **They report that a lot of people were killed in the war.**
a. It is reported that a lot of people were killed in the war.
b. A lot of people are reported to have been killed in the war.
13. **They say that the old building was damaged last week.**
a. It is said that the old building was damaged last week.
b. The old building is said to have been damaged last week.
14. **They said that Laura cheated in the exam yesterday.**
a. It was said that Laura cheated in the exam yesterday.
b. Laura was said to cheat in the exam yesterday.

DİKKAT!

Hem “*ana cümlesinin*” hem de “*yan cümlesinin*” fiili geçmiş zaman (past) olduğunda zaman farkı olmayacağından **to + have + V₃** yapısını kullanmaya gerek yoktur. Bu durumda **to + V₁** yapısı kullanılır.

Örneklerden de anlaşılacağı gibi ana cümlesinin giriş fiili zamanına uygun olarak “**it**” öznesi ile **passive** yapılır ve **that clause** (yan cümle) hiçbir değişiklik yapılmadan **aynen** eklenir.



Fakat yan cümlelerin öznesi (that clause) başa getirilip giriş fiilinin zamanına göre passive yapılır ise aşağıdaki yapılar kullanılır.

to + V ₁	to + have + been + V _{ing}
to + have + V ₃	to+be+V ₃
to + be + V _{ing}	to+have+been+V ₃

Bu yapılar tüm kaynaklarda Present Be, Simple Present, Past Be, Simple Past, Present Perfect, Present Progressive, Past Progressive, Future Tense, Present Passive, ve Past Passive başlıkları altında anlatılır. Bu da öğrencilerin konuyu daha geç kavramalarına ve karmaşık bulmalarına sebep olmaktadır. Bu yüzden LYS-5 gibi dil sınavlarına hazırlanan gruplarda aşağıdaki tabloyu bilmek daha pratik olacaktır.

PÜF NOKTALAR TABLOSU		
Yan Cümle Durumu	Ana Cümle ve Yan Cümle Arasında Zaman Farkı	Kullanım
Etken	Yok	to+V ₁
Etken	Var	to+have+V ₃
Etken	Yok	to+be+V _{ing}
Etken	Var	to+have+been+V _{ing}
Edilgen	Yok	to+be+V ₃
Edilgen	Var	to+have+been+V ₃

NOT

Yan cümle “present perfect” ve “past perfect” ile kurulmuş ise zaman farkı olup olmadığına bakılmaksızın **uygun olan to + have + yapısı** kullanılır.



CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

A. Circle the correct answer

1. Istanbul is known ----- by Avars in 626.

- A) to surround
- B) to be surrounded
- C) to have surrounded
- D) to have been surrounded
- E) having been surrounded

2. The term Amazon ----- from the Greek terms a- and mazos, which meant without breast.

- A) is believed to have come
- B) is believed to come
- C) is believed to be come
- D) is believed to have been come
- E) is believed to be coming

3. The Göktürks ----- by a Byzantine emperor in the seventh century as allies against the Sassanians.

- A) are known to have enlisted
- B) are known to have been enlisted
- C) are known to be enlisted
- D) are known to enlist
- E) are known to be enlisting

4. UFO contactee and alleged reincarnated Saturnian Howard Menger ----- on joyrides through the solar system on a flying saucer in 1956.

- A) is claimed to take
- B) is claimed to have taken
- C) is claimed to have been taken
- D) is claimed to be taking
- E) is claimed to be taken



5. According the BBC, Nakamoto ----- around a million Bitcoins or the equivalent of \$450 million today. However, this currency allegedly held by the unknown Nakamoto has never been used or claimed since the creation of Bitcoin.

- A) is believed to possess
- B) is believed to have possessed
- C) is believed to have been possessing
- D) is believed to be possessed
- E) is believed to have been possessed

B. Rephrase the sentences

1. They believe that the party will be awesome.
2. People know that he was a thief.
3. Everybody says that he is a talented singer.
4. We know that she has failed the driving test three times.
5. They know that he has been taken to the hospital several times.
6. Everybody knows that he is working abroad.
7. They claim that the money was stolen by the new neighbour.
8. We expect that he will be re-elected in 2020.
9. We know that they were recording us.
10. We suspect that she was murdered.